Unpacking the Past and Charting the Future: A Comprehensive Review of Organizational Development Trends and Predictions

Bishal Patangia# and Vijaya R’

Abstract

The current study is a comprehensive review that provides an overview of recent trends in Organizational Development (OD) over the past five years (2018-23) based on empirical evidence. The study analyzes the identified trends, key concepts and theories, and their impact on the OD field. The major trends in OD identified include strategic agility, learning and development, digital transformation, effective leadership, engagement and well-being, and fostering inclusivity and diversity. The study highlights the underlying theories and approaches that have influenced these trends. The findings suggest that organizations need to adapt to change faster with a dynamic environment and market expectations, and strategic agility is crucial for researchers and business practitioners. Learning and development within the organization is essential to keep employees up-to-date.

* Department of Psychology, School of Social Sciences, CHRIST (Deemed to be University), Bangalore, India

# Corresponding Author: Bishal Patangia, Department of Psychology, School of Social Sciences, CHRIST University, DRC Post, Hosur Road, Bangalore, India – 560029 Email ID: bishal.patangia@psy.christuniversity.in

Authors’ Contribution: BP: Conceptualizing, Literature Review, Data Synthesis and Manuscript Preparation, VR: Reviewing and Supervision
with relevant skills and help them adapt to changes much faster. Effective leadership, engagement and well-being, and fostering inclusivity and diversity are also critical for organizational growth and sustainability. The study provides insights for OD professionals to tailor solutions that meet the unique requirements of each organization and forecasts the future of OD globally by identifying trends and emerging issues.

**Keywords:** Organizational development, trends, transformation, theories

1. **Introduction**

1.1 **Organizational Development: An Overview**

Organizational Development (OD), according to Clayton Alderfer, is an interdisciplinary approach that uses the systematic and planned procedure of change that aims to improve rejuvenation and problem-solving processes in the organization. The multidisciplinary organizational development model emphasizes the development of individuals and groups within the organization. It seeks to enhance the capability of all dimensions (individual, group, and organization) to view problems critically and promote innovation, design thinking, and continuous improvement. Moreover, it is a long-term and comprehensive approach that encompasses the entire organization and involves a wide range of models and techniques that lead to the development of leaders, teams, and systems (Alderfer, 1977).

It also incorporates the examination, creation, execution, and assessment of initiatives and strategies to better organizational culture, communication, leadership, team interaction, and other crucial components of executive functioning. OD professionals collaborate with organizations to pinpoint areas that require improvement and tailor solutions that meet the unique
requirements of each organization (Porras & Robertson, 1992).

The present study is a conceptual note aims to review and analyze recent trends in Organizational Development over the past five years based on empirical evidence. Further, it emphasised on providing a detailed analysis of identified trends, key concepts and theories, and the impact on the OD field. The study also forecast the future of OD globally by identifying trends and emerging issues and making predictions about the field’s direction. Lastly, the information will reflect the trends and their impact.

2. Trends in the Last Five Years (2018-23)

Constant change due to the environment and shift in the market demand makes the need for change and adapting the new technology and system to level up with the market expectation. Studies in the recent five years have primarily focused on how organizations can emphasize people growth with a holistic approach to increase organizations’ effectiveness (Naveed et al., 2022) and sustainability (Bouncken et al., 2022). One of the critical trends in Organizational Development is strategic agility. A recent article by Tarba et al. (2023) states that organizations need to adapt to change much faster with a dynamic environment and market expectations. This makes strategic agility more critical for researchers and business practitioners. Strategic agility requires companies to be adaptable and effectively manage change through strategic sensitivity, resource fluidity, and leadership unity. This involves developing key competencies such as human resource management, adaptive leadership, and a culture of learning and knowledge transfer. All functional management areas, including HR and marketing, play a role in achieving strategic agility.

As an agile workplace comes constant learning and development (L&D) within the organization. The primary goal of
L&D is to keep employees up-to-date with relevant skills and help them adapt to changes much faster (Beier, 2022). In a recent study conducted by Do et al. (2022), learning at the workplace revealed that organizations promoting and emphasizing learning tend to make their employees more resilient to change and increase innovation. With this, organizations practice managing resources effectively and resilient to deal with uncertainty and risks.

The changes that make L&D more strategic and agile are due to various trends of OD itself. The amalgamation of digital technologies transforms the entire structure of work. The continuous digital transformation needs new strategies to incorporate learning in the workplace. The shift to digital workplaces is causing a change in work, not just by automating existing tasks and streamlining them but also by altering current practices and generating new ones (Lokuge et al., 2019). The widespread use of enterprise technology outside the workplace and the integration of consumer technologies into work environments are critical components of this change (Vallo Hult & Byström, 2022). Moreover, the shift of organizational functioning to a virtual mode due to the pandemic makes a massive change across the globe which needs proper planning and execution to constantly maintain the efficiency of services (Garro-Abarca et al., 2021).

However, such changes cannot be implemented without effective leadership. Leadership has always been a significant factor that influences and initiates the process of change and development within organizations (Walk, 2022). A study by Hadian Nasab & Afshari (2019) revealed that organizations with Authentic leaders tend to make their employees perform much better with a higher level of commitment. Such leadership also reduces stress, disappointment, and aggression among employees. Similarly, another study by Song et al. (2022) identified that
organizations with transformational leaders enhance employee outcomes with low psychological distress. This leads to another emerging trend, engagement and well-being of employees. During the pandemic, organizations primarily focused on how their employees could be engaged even in a virtual platform, and emphasis on their wellbeing was also given. A study by Al Kahtani & M. M. (2022) states that organizations promoting psychological capital aspects among employees, such as optimism, hope, and self-efficacy, show higher engagement and wellbeing in the workplace, which ultimately relates to performance. Moreover, organizations fostering inclusivity and diversity within their culture will promote inclusive leadership practices. This positively influences organizational fairness in pay, feedback, promotions, and opportunities (Hoang et al., 2022).

3. Analysis of Key Concepts and Theories Underpinning the Trends

The key emerging trends in the field of Organizational Development include; strategic agility, learning and development, digital transformation, effective leadership, engagement and wellbeing, and fostering inclusivity and diversity. Each of the trends is based on underlying theories that helped shape itself in the process of change and development of organizations in the current dynamic market. Before moving to specific approaches, some of the broader theories that influence the trends of OD include human relations theory, which emphasizes the importance of relationships and communication where inclusivity and diverse culture and leadership can be aligned; system theory (interdependent and interconnected system) and contingency theory (management depends on the environment of the organization) emphasizes on strategic agility and learning strategy to cope with the dynamic market
Further, there are specific theories that focus on OD trends. One of the first theories that allow organizations to focus on developing a learning culture and strategic agility is the Social Learning Theory by Albert Bandura (Bandura, 1977). The theory significantly emphasizes how individuals learn through observation and imitate others which helps organizations promote a culture of learning and knowledge sharing. The theory also highlights the importance of reinforcement and the role of rewards and punishments in shaping behavior, which can be applied in organizations through employee recognition and performance management programs. The Social Learning Theory can inform the design of training and development programs and support a culture of continuous learning within organizations. Another theory that can align with the adaptability of employees in dynamic organization and engagement is Psychological Capital Theory. This theory can be applied to multiple trends. The theory mentions about individual’s positive psychological state of mind, with optimism, hope, resilience, and self-efficacy (Youssef-Morgan & Luthans, 2015). The theory also suggests that psychological capital can be developed and strengthened through intentional or deliberate efforts, such as goal setting, positive thinking, and effective coping strategies.

For trend related to leadership is the Theory of Authentic Leadership. The theory states that some leaders lead with transparency, integrity, and a strong sense of self (Avolio & Walumbwa, 2014). Organizations with such leaders increase commitment and enhance well-being and performance outcomes. Further, authentic leaders create a positive workplace culture, increase employee commitment, and reduce stress and disappointment, ultimately leading to improved organizational results. Additionally, theories on inclusivity and diversity can be Diversity Climate Theory. The theory states that the workplace climate determines employees’ perspectives on diversity and
their experiences of inclusion and exclusion (Hofhuis et al., 2016). With a favorable environment, workplaces tend to be more inclusive and promote a positive attitude towards diversity. The potential benefits it brings to the organization include increased creativity and innovation, improved employee satisfaction, and enhanced organizational performance.

4. Evaluation of the Impact of the Trends on Organizational Development

The identified trends of organizational development are primarily based on scientific evidence. However, the impact of these trends can be determined based on how it has been implemented and in what context. The effect can be either positive or even harmful. Some of the positive effects are mentioned below.

The first positive impact could be improved organizational efficiency and effectiveness. Organizations using strategic agility and learning and development with a total quality management approach could enhance the organization’s function (Aghina et al., 2021). These streamline the operation and increase productivity with no misuse of resources. Secondly, fostering a diverse and inclusive culture at the workplace with authentic leadership will significantly increase job satisfaction and innovative ideas, improve employees’ morale, and reduce turnover. Finally, the trends also make organizations more adaptable and resilient to change. Strategic agility emphasizes adapting to change in the market and helps build flexibility and responsiveness to challenges (Duchek, 2020).

However, implementing changes cannot go without any negative repercussions. Resistance to change is one of the negative impacts of change. Introducing a digital workplace functioning model could make the employee feel lost at work. Especially automation and artificial intelligence have taken
the autonomy of employees. This could make the employee develop a sense of resentment and reduce retention. (Makarius et al., 2020) Even new processes and systems could increase the bureaucracy’s complexity, ultimately decreasing flexibility. Moreover, introducing new approaches to an existing work culture could lead to conflicts and misalignment. Finally, the trends mentioned above could be implemented short-term for immediate results over lasting solutions (Asatiani et al., 2021).

5. Future of Organizational Development Globally
The dynamic nature of the market constantly questions the functions of organizations. To fit with change, organizations will continuously change. The continuous process of change makes Organizational Development an exceptional player in determining the function of the workforce efficiently and effectively to achieve business goals. Moreover, the idea of OD across the globe will be shaped by more sophisticated and automated technology that does not need human assistance (Manyika & Sneader, 2018). Such technologies are artificial intelligence, machine learning, and deep learning. The World Economic Forum forecast that, with the emergence of AI and Automation, by 2025, 97 million jobs across the globe will be created by artificial intelligence itself. Other factors include globalization and diverse and inclusive culture—the rise of remote and flexible cultures post-pandemic (Li, 2022).

Integrating advanced technology will make organizations act much faster in decision-making and streamline operations. Moreover, with the emergence of start-ups, innovation and design thinking has turned their’ flow from established firms to start-ups which drives the need for more promotion in innovation and research culture in the workplace (Saarikko et al., 2020).

The organizational development practitioners will have to adapt to the changes and strategic approach to learning
and development much faster. Leveraging more on digital transformation for growth and innovation could be a fundamental goal. Therefore, OD professionals must be equipped with the latest tools, knowledge, and skills to support these efforts and enable organizations to achieve their goals in a rapidly changing world.

6. Conclusion

The conceptual note provides a review and analysis of recent trends in Organizational Development (OD) over the past five years. The report aims to analyze identified trends, key concepts, and theories and forecast the future of OD globally. The report highlights the main trends in OD, including strategic agility, learning and development, digital transformation, effective leadership, engagement and wellbeing, and fostering inclusivity and diversity. These trends are based on underlying theories, including human resource management, adaptive leadership, digital transformation, and inclusivity and diversity. The report concludes that organizations that promote these trends have a more efficient and resilient workforce, promoting better organizational performance.

In conclusion, the analysis of the recent trends in Organizational Development highlights the importance of organizations being adaptive and agile in the dynamic environment, the need for effective leadership, learning, and development, and employee engagement and well-being promotion. These trends will continue to shape the field of Organizational Development in the future.

6.1 Recommendation

Organizational development is a systematic and evidence-based process that has gained immense importance in the current business landscape. As per recent trends, organizations are emphasizing upskilling their employees with automation
and data science skills to remain agile and resilient. The rapid pace of change demands constant adaptation to stay ahead of the competition.

The pandemic has further highlighted the need to focus on employee well-being, along with business success and profit. Creating flexible work environments and collaborative spaces for communication and interaction can significantly impact the success of organizational development efforts.

Investing in organizational development can lay the foundation for growth, improve competitiveness, and foster a culture of continuous improvement and innovation. As Philip Crosby, the famous business and author of management theory and quality management, rightly said, “If anything is certain, it is that change is certain. The world we are planning today will not exist in this form tomorrow.”

Therefore, it is imperative for organizations to recognize the vital role of organizational development in achieving success and staying ahead of the business curve. They should prioritize investments in upskilling their employees, promoting flexibility, and creating collaborative work environments. By doing so, organizations can stay competitive, foster innovation and growth, and ensure long-term success.

Conflict of Interest: The authors declare no competing financial interest

7. References
organization-to-compete


Environment & Responsibility, n/a(n/a). https://doi.org/10.1111/beer.12463


